



ENLIGHT WORKSHOP AI & LAW: TECHNICAL AND LEGAL CHALLENGES

Summary

All systems are being developed at an increasing pace and are already present in virtually every aspect of our lives. There is a consensus that, due to their potential impact, such systems must be carefully regulated. Europe has taken the lead, recently passing the All Act, the first regulation concerning All systems in the world.

This opens a new scenario where AI and law professionals will have to work together at the different steps of the life cycle of AI systems, from their conception and development to the resolution of any potential problem derived from their use. The first step for a proper collaboration is good communication and understanding, and that requires both kinds of profiles being able to understand the basic ideas behind the others' work.

This workshop aims at taking a step in that direction, offering a comprehensive overview of AI and its development in a regulated scenario. Moreover, it will be a first experience where both kinds of professionals will have the opportunity to engage in a joint discussion.

The program of this workshop will have both lectures (concentrated in one single day) and practical work. There will be two kinds of participation, full workshop or only lectures.

There will be no limit to the number of participants attending the lectures, but for the full workshop participation the places will be limited to 30, 15 with a technical profile and 15 with a legal profile.

In the practical work, the participants will have to work in groups (that combine both types of profiles) in a real-life case. At the workshop's end, the groups will present their conclusions and discuss the results. This discussion will be open to all the participants, including those only attending the lectures.

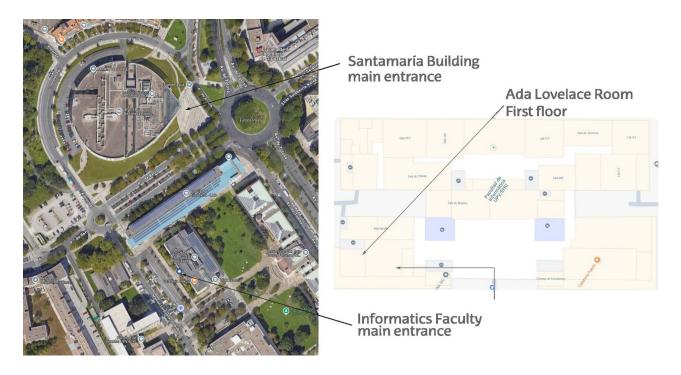




Speakers

Department of Medical Informatics, University of Göttingen	
Department of Business Studies, University of Uppsala	
Department of Law & Technology, University of Ghent	
Department of Criminology, Criminal Law and Social Law,	
University of Ghent	
Department of Corporate and Civil Law, University of the	
Basque Country (UPV/EHU)	
Department of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence,	
University of the Basque Country (UPV/EHU)	
Department of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence,	
University of the Basque Country (UPV/EHU)	
Basque Center for Applied Mathematics (BCAM)	

Locations







Program overview

DAY 1 – October 7, 2024 – Informatics Faculty			
8:30 - 9:00	Check in – Ada Lovelace Room		
9:00 – 9:15	Welcome and presentation of the workshop – Ada Lovelace Room		
9:15 - 10:15	Al intro	Al in the Current Digital World (Borja C.) – 3.1 Room	
	Law intro	Law 101 – An Introduction to Law for Non-lawyers (Andreas K.) – Ada Lovelce Room	
	Al intro	What is Behind AI? (Usue M.) – 3.1 Room	
10:15 – 11:15	Law intro	The European Approach to Fundamental Rights: an Introduction for Non-lawyers (Griet V.) – Ada Lovelace Room	
Coffee break (Informatics Faculty's canteen)			
11:45 – 12:45	Explainable AI: Increasing Trustworthiness and Acceptance of Machine Learning Applications in Healthcare (Zully R.) – Ada Lovelace Room		
12:45 – 13:45	Legal Challenges of Artificial Intelligence: Exploring Regulation, Rights and Responsabilities (Eva L.) – Ada Lovelace Room		
Lunch Time			
15:30 – 16:30	Current Challenges in Algorithmic Fairness (Ainhize B.) – Ada Lovelace Room		
16:30 – 17:30	Who's Responsible for the Damages Caused by the IA? (Itziar A.) – Ada Lovelace Room		
17:30 – 18:00	Presentation of the practical cases and group creation (Eva L. <i>et al.</i>) – Ada Lovelace Room		
DAY 2 – October 8, 2024 – Santamaría building & Informatics Faculty			
9:00 – 11:00	Practical cases: joint interdisciplinary discussion – Santamaría Building		
Coffee break (Informatics Faculty's canteen)			
11:30 – 13:30	Practical cases: joint interdisciplinary discussion – Santamaría Building		
Lunch Time			
15:00 – 16:30	Presentation	and discussion of the results – Ada Lovelace Room	





Program details

Al in the current digital world (for law professionals)

This talk will introduce some basic concepts related to the digital world and Al systems that will be the basis for a proper understanding of the topics discussed in the workshop.

After a brief discussion of what is and what is not AI (nowadays), basic concepts such as algorithm, model or cloud computing will be presented in a non-technical way. Finally, the main uses of AI will be presented.

What's behind AI? (for law professionals)

Once the basic concepts are understood, this talk will go into some details about how AI models are trained and evaluated, and how this impacts in the final created systems. The talk will also provide a general idea of the life cycle of an AI project.

Law 101 – An Introduction to law for non-lawyers (for tech professionals)

This talk, as the subtitle suggests, is a crash course in the basics of law. It covers some of the main ideas concerning the nature, function, and mechanisms of law in general, along with an introduction to the fundamentals of EU law, where most Alrelated regulation is found, and the key areas of EU law that are related to Al. This lecture will provide participants with the terminology and understanding needed to better grasp the specific issues that will be presented in the upcoming lectures.

The European approach to fundamental rights: an introduction for non-lawyers (for tech professionals)

The European Artificial Intelligence Act (2024) aims "to promote the uptake of human centric and trustworthy Al while ensuring a high level of protection of health, safety and fundamental rights". In the European tradition, fundamental rights are at the core of many lawmaking initiatives, including those that regulate





new technologies such as artificial intelligence. In this lecture, we introduce the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union, its implications, and its impact on the international and Member State levels. While a general overview of the Charter's contents is provided, we very quickly zoom in on the specific rights and freedoms that are often discussed in relation to AI: the protection of personal data, freedom of thought, non-discrimination and workers' rights. Consider this lecture a fast-track experience that will help you gain the background information necessary to participate in the legal challenges and practical cases.

Legal challenges for and regulation of Artificial Intelligence (for both legal and tech professionals)

This talk will focus on the impact of AI on fundamental rights, including the right to non-discrimination and privacy, with a specific focus on particular groups (e.g. children or minority groups) and explore how recent legislative developments, such as the EU AI Act, aim to regulate AI in order to minimise (potential) negative impact on individuals.

Explainable AI, increasing trustworthiness and acceptance of machine learning applications in healthcare (for both legal and tech professionals)

In the realm of machine learning non-linear models or models of significant complexity, like some ensemble methods or neural networks, require additional tools to identify the "important "variables used to make the model prediction. Some of these tools are SHAP(https://shap.readthedocs.io/en/latest/), LIME(https://github.com/marcotcr/lime), or tools that already contain a set of such explainable models (Captum AI (https://captum.ai/)). The explanation of the most important variables (features) in the models (global explanation) and interpretability of the prediction for a patient (local explanation) is then possible. In this workshop, the participants will learn the challenges and advantages of integrating explanations and tools used in machine learning in a general form. But also to apply them specifically and exemplarily for healthcare applications to guarantee reproducibility and increase the trustworthiness of machine learning





models used for decision-making. These methods are usable in different application fields.

Current Challenges in Algorithmic Fairness (for both legal and tech professionals)

Nowadays AI systems have an extraordinary capacity to learn from data. This allows us to create very powerful models, but it also has certain disadvantages, as not only the underlying patterns are learned, also the biases present in the data used for the training are captured by the models.

While some of these biases may be reasonable and relevant, many others may reflect unfair and discriminatory scenarios. In this talk we will present a discussion of the current advances in the treatment of fairness in the algorithms developed to train Al models from data.

Who's responsible for the damages caused by the IA? (for both legal and tech professionals)

Algorithmic discrimination, also known as algorithmic bias, refers to the phenomenon where artificial intelligence (AI) systems perpetuate or even amplify existing human prejudices and biases present in the data they are trained on. This paper will explore the legal challenges and societal implications of algorithmic discrimination, focusing on its impact on fundamental rights and equality. By examining case studies and legal frameworks, we aim to identify the root causes of bias in AI systems and discuss potential regulatory and technological solutions to mitigate these issues.

The session will also delve into the ethical considerations and responsibilities of developers and policymakers in ensuring that AI technologies are designed and deployed in a manner that promotes fairness and justice. Participants will gain insights into the intersection of law, technology, and ethics, and will be encouraged to contribute to the ongoing discourse on creating more inclusive and equitable AI systems.